

**Table 4A.**  
**Percentage of Adult Leavers Receiving TANF**

<b>Grantee</b>	<b>1<sup>st</sup> Qtr (3 mos) post exit</b>	<b>2<sup>nd</sup> Qtr (6 mos) post exit</b>	<b>3<sup>rd</sup> Qtr (9 mos) post exit</b>	<b>4<sup>th</sup> Qtr (12 mos) post exit</b>	<b>Ever receiving within 1 year</b>
<b>Administrative Data</b>					
Georgia 97.1			14.3	13.4	
Arizona 96.4 (m)	4.8	13.6	17.6	17.2	28.4
D. C. 97.4(m)	5.6	10.4	14.0	16.5	
San Mateo 96.4 (m)	7.7	12.1	11.6	12.3	22.7
New York 97.1(m)				17.0	
New York 97.1				19.0	
Washington 96.4	12.0	19.0	22.0	23.0	29.8
Missouri 96.4	12.4	18.6	20.8	20.6	
Wisconsin 7/95-6/96	14.3	19.3	18.6	17.0	27.6
Illinois 7/97-12/98 (m)	16.2	18.6	17.5	16.3	28.9
Cuyahoga 96.3	20.4	27.5	29.6	28.7	35.3

Notes:

Grantees measuring program participation by month – denoted by (m) – are likely to report lower program participation than grantees measuring participation over a three-month quarter. Also, there is potential one-month discrepancy in how grantees define months and quarters “post exit,” because some grantees define “month of exit” as the last month of benefit receipt, while others define it as the first month without cash assistance. These methodological differences have a particularly strong effect on measurement of TANF receipt three months/one quarter after exit, and so differences in the first column of Table 4A should be viewed with caution.