

Initiatives, Partnerships and collaboration to help patients with the highest unmet need: Dominantly Inherited Alzheimer's Disease Trials Unit (DIAN-TU) as a case example

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Disclosure:

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NIH U01AG042791 (DIAN-TU)
NIH U01AG042791-S1 (DIAN-TU)
NIH R01AG046179 (DIAN-TU-APT)
NIH R56AG053267 (DIAN-TU NexGen)

Alzheimer's Association, BrightFocus Foundation, GHR Foundation, Ruth K. Broad Biomedical Research Foundation, Anonymous Foundation, Cure Alzheimer's Fund

<u>DIAN Pharma Consortium</u>: Abbvie, Amgen, AstraZeneca, Biogen, Eisai, Elan, Eli Lilly, Forum, Genentech, Hoffman La-Roche, Janssen AIP, Mithridion, Novartis Pharm AG, Pfizer, Sanofi-Aventis

<u>DIAN-TU:</u> Washington University and Dr. David Holtzman, Department Head of Neurology where the research is being conducted, may receive royalty income for an investigational drug called solanezumab, which was developed by Dr. Holtzman and licensed by Washington University to Eli Lilly & Company. Solanezumab is evaluated in this research.

Companies: Co-founder C2N Diagnostics

Invited Speaker: BMS, FDA, Eli Lilly, Merck, Pfizer, Elan, Wyeth, Novartis, Abbott, Biogen, Takeda Foundation, Fidelity Biosciences Research Initiative, EMA

Editorial Board: Alzheimer's Research and Therapy, The Journal of Prevention of Alzheimer's Disease

Consulting Relationships: Boehringer-Ingelheim, DZNE, Probiodrug AG, Medscape, Eisai, Forum (En Vivo) Scientific Advisory Board, Merck, Sanofi, Novartis, Roche, Global Alzheimer's Platform, IMI JU-Project EMIF

A brief history of Alzheimer's disease modifying prevention

2018? - Primary Prevention

2017 - Prevention trials with oral secretase inhibitors

2014 - Prevention trials targeting at-risk individuals

2012 - first prevention trial against amyloid-beta is launched

2012 - Aß lowering mutation discovered which dramatically protects against Alzheimer's



2000's – first drugs targeting Aβ - A cause of Alzheimer's are developed

1991 - Mutations discovered that cause early onset Alzheimer's in families – later discovered in Alzheimer's first patient

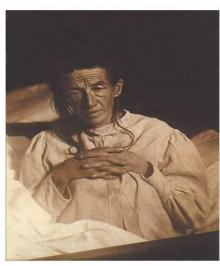
1906 - Dr. Alois Alzheimer describes first Alzheimer's disease patient – disease of brain – plaques and tangles

Senility known throughout history

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Autosomal Dominant Alzheimer's Disease (ADAD)

- Less than 1% of AD cases result from autosomal dominant mutations in three genes directly involved in amyloid beta (Aβ) production
 - Amyloid precursor protein (APP)
 - Presenilin 1 (PSEN1)
 - Presenilin 2 (PSEN2)
- Auguste D., the first AD patient ever described by Alois Alzheimer, was later found to carry an ADAD mutation in presenilin 1 (F176L)



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Comparison of Dominantly Inherited and Sporadic Alzheimer's Disease

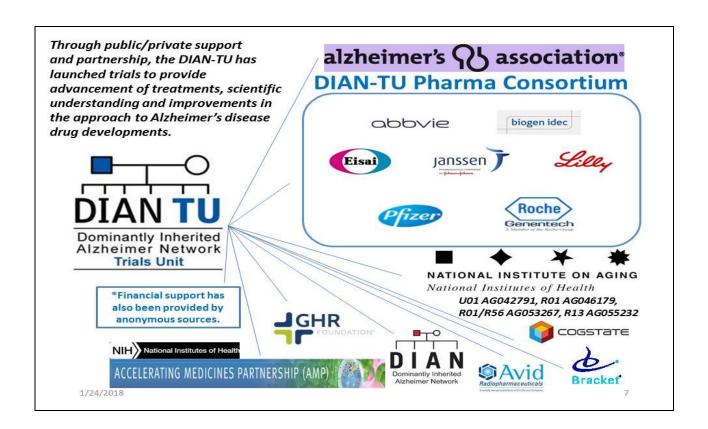
	Dominantly Inherited AD	Sporadic AD
Clinical presentation	Amnestic	Amnestic
Cognitive deterioration	Memory, frontal/executive, generalized cognitive decline	Memory, frontal/executive, generalized cognitive decline
MRI	Hippocampal atrophy and whole brain atrophy	Hippocampal atrophy and whole brain atrophy
PiB PET	Cortex plus basal ganglia	Cortex
FDG PET	Parieto-occipital hypometabolism	Parieto-occipital hypometabolism
CSF Aβ 42	Decreased by 50%	Decreased by 50%
CSF tau	Increased by 2-fold	Increased by 2-fold

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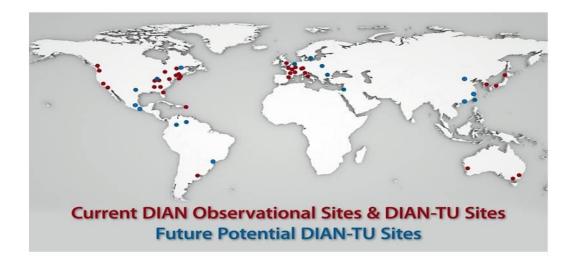
DIAN Observational: An International, Multi-Center Study

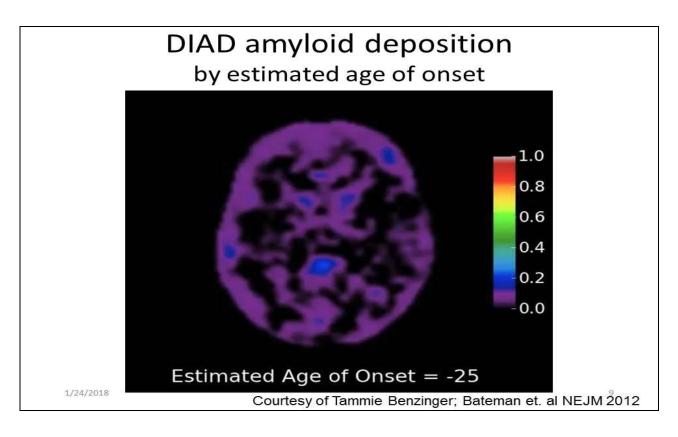
- Biomarker collection rate +80-90%
- >500 enrolled since 2008, 275 active participants, 52% 10 years or more prior to EYO
- 104 publications
- 16 presentations at 2017 AAIC, London, England
- DIAN resource requests to date:
 - Data (n=125) Tissue (n=43)
 - Data used to design and implement 3 arms in the DIAN-TU trial
- Planned Expansion: Korea, Spain, Canada
- Renewal submission in 2018 for funding 2019-2024
 - increased recruitment
 - Focus on molecular cause of Alzheimer's
 - Tau PET imaging

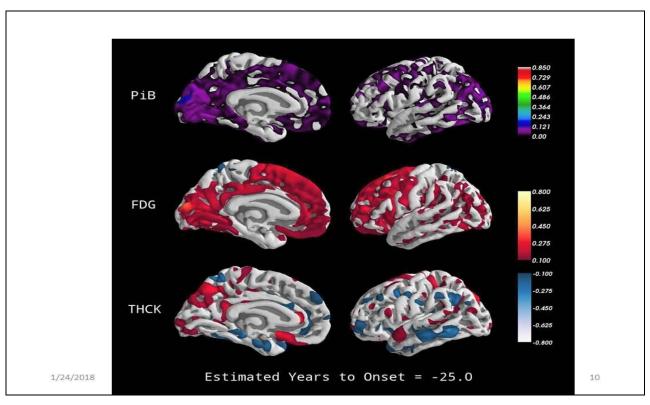
- Harmonization of DIAN-TU and DIAN EXR

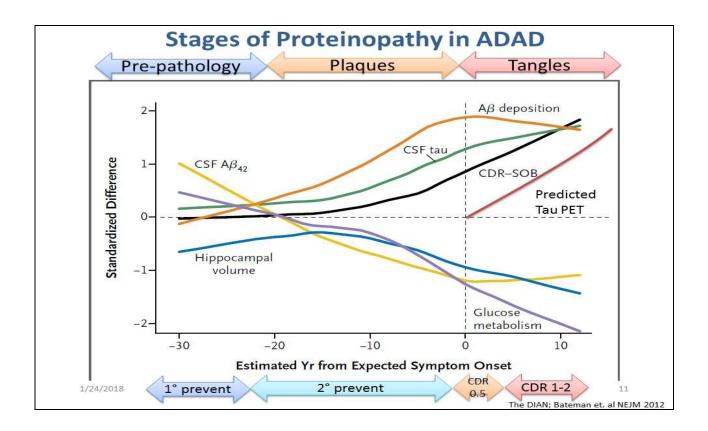


DIAN Observational and DIAN-TU Trial sites









DIAN Therapeutic Trials Rationale

- Clinical onset of symptoms can be predicted at any point in lifespan, allowing therapeutic trials years or even decades before the clinical onset.
- DIAD has a clear cause of disease due to amyloid-beta: 'pure AD' without comorbid confounds
- Uniquely informative scientific information of disease progression, biomarkers and changes due to therapeutic treatments
- Common pathophysiology support general AD indication
- Successful implementation of prevention and symptomatic studies will inform as to the cause of AD and provide guidance for future therapeutic development.



Engaging patients: a DIAN-TU participant perspective





Participant Interaction and Partnership

DIAN Expanded Registry

Serves as a key information and referral source for the DIAN Observational and DIAN-TU trials

Register:

https://dian.wustl.edu/our-research/registry/

Call: 1-844-DIAN-EXR (342-6397)

Email: dianexr@wustl.edu







Participant Interaction and Partnership DIAN Expanded Registry

Serves as a key information and referral source for the DIAN
Observational and DIAN-TU trials

Total Registrants (15 Dec 2017)	1628
Total Family Registrants	1415
DIAD Individuals	381
At-Risk Individuals	365
Total Researcher Registrants	213

Exploratory Genetic Counseling and Testing Program (as of Dec 2017)		
Pedigrees Reviewed	147	
Approved for testing	75	
Positive for mutation on PS1, PS2, APP	45 (60%)	
Pathogenic mutations	41 (91%)	
Variants of uncertain significance	3 (7%)	
Not Pathogenic	1 (2%)	

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DIAD Family Conference

- DIAD family networking opportunity
- Opportunity for DIAD families to have a dialogue with AD researchers, pharma, NIH and regulators
- Discussions:
 - Scientific, medical, regulatory, advocacy and disease burden matters
 - Support sessions specific to asymptomatic and symptomatic individuals, and family members
- Sponsored by the DIAN-TU, the Alzheimer's Association, and NIH (R13 AG 055232)

DIAD Family Conferences* to discuss scientific, medical, regulatory, advocacy and disease burden and also provide support sessions for asymptomatic and symptomatic individuals and their families

July 18th, 2015 AAIC, Washington, D.C. <u>Historic,</u> first-time meeting of DIAD families

99 DIAD individuals and family members attended

July 23rd, 2016 AAIC, Toronto, Ontario, "Too Young to Forget"

117 DIAD individuals and family members attended

July 15^{th,} 2017 AAIC, London, United Kingdom, "Key to the Cure"

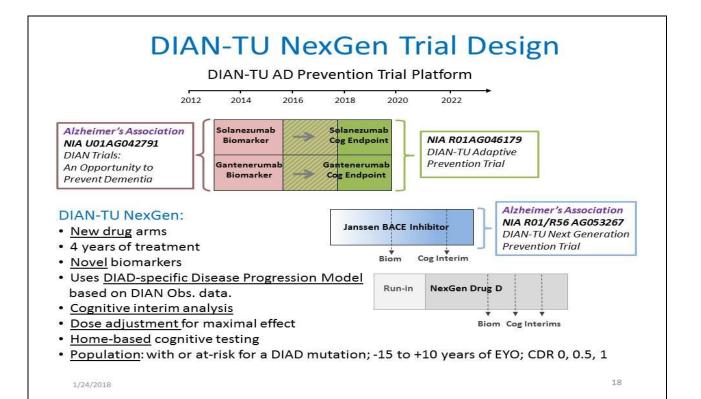
152 DIAD individuals and family members attended

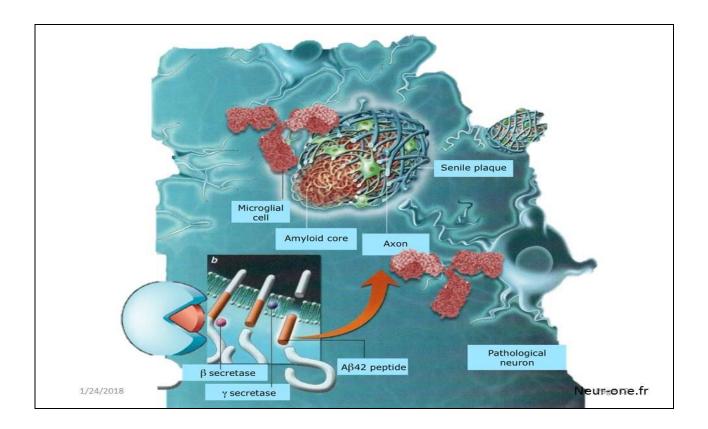




*Funding for this conference was made possible in part by the Alzheimer's Association and by 1 R13 AG 055232–01, PI McDade, from the National Institute on Aging. The views expressed in written conference materials or publications and by speakers and moderators do not necessarily reflect the official policies of the Department of Health and Human Services; nor does mention by trade names, commercial practices, or organizations imply

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Making a Difference

- <u>Pioneering prevention studies</u> in DIAD utilizing observational data from DIAN, disease progression models, comprehensive biomarkers, input from participants and family members, and inclusive discussions with stakeholders.
 - "It is really cutting edge, and it is the right thing to do the trial, the observational study....." Janet Woodcock, 2015 DIAD Family Conference, https://dian-tu.wustl.edu/en/2015-family-conference/
- First trial in dominantly inherited AD and the first AD prevention trial using anti-amyloid drugs
- Identification of effective therapeutics for DIAD with the goal of registration for DIAD and SAD patient use.
- Established foundation/groundwork and is a <u>model for multiple</u> <u>initiatives</u>: AMP, IMI EPAD and GAP
 - FDA comment "exemplar of next generation trials"
 - Multi-drug arm DIAN-TU is ideal platform for testing combination treatments (e.g. anti-tau and anti-amyloid)

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Historical Precedent:

Treatment of familial hypercholesterolemia with compactin, the first statin drug



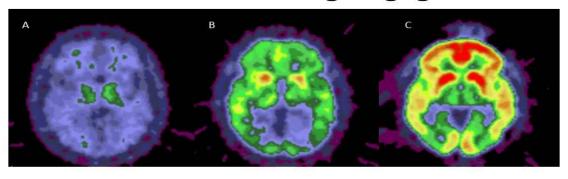
Pre-treatment



Post-treatment

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Similar to cholesterol, amyloid deposition and AD biomarkers can be used in studies to inform about drug engagement



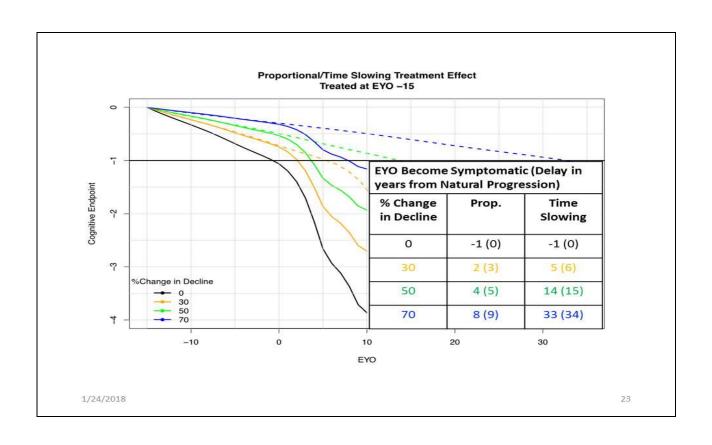
15 years prior to estimated symptoms

10 Years prior to estimated symptoms

~5 years after Alzheimer's disease symptoms

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Courtesy of Mark Mintun and Randy Bateman



Rationale for Primary Prevention

ADAD cause is known,
pathophysiology clear, risk of
disease certain, and
predictability of onset is high.
The ADAD families have very
high unmet need.



preventive drugs, urge Eric McDade and Randall J. Bateman.

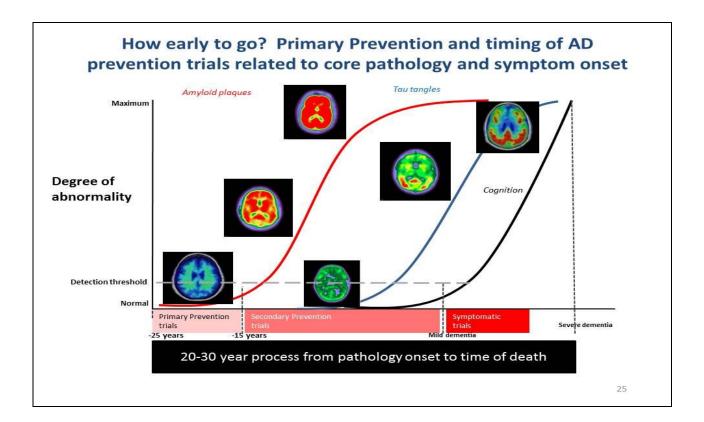
- Beta-secretase inhibitors and gamma-secretase modulators target molecular defect of ADAD mutations.
 - Evidence of safety, convenience, relative low cost to manufacture and welltolerated
- The DIAN –TU has demonstrated the feasibility of conducting complex clinical trials of long duration in a the ADAD population.
- Strong support for primary prevention by participants, families, and AD researchers, with regulatory pathways being established.
 - Grant review scheduled January 25th

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Dr. Eric McDade

McDade and Bateman, Nature 2017



DIAN-TU Milestones

- 2011: DIAN-TU awarded grant by the Alzheimer's Association to launch trials
- 2011-2014: DIAN-TU Pharma Consortium (1st Term, 2011; 2nd Term, 2014): Pharma companies
 collaborating to develop dominantly inherited AD prevention trials (9 members)
- Multiple meetings with patient advocacy, academia, expert consultants, regulatory groups, DIAN
 participants and families, & Pharma partners to develop advanced prevention AD trials
- 26 therapies nominated to date
- 2012: DIAN-TU Trial biomarker phase launched with two treatments.
 - FDA approval for first trial in dominantly inherited AD and the first AD prevention trial using anti-amyloid drugs
 - Washington University serves as sponsor for the DIAN-TU trial
- 2013-2014: DIAN-TU awarded \$6M and \$26.7M NIA grants to support the DIAN-TU Trials
- 2014: Trial protocol amended to extend treatment to 4 years for a cognitive endpoint registration trial.
- 2014: DIAN-TU awarded funds from philanthropic foundations to continue efforts
- Foundation/groundwork established to enable pioneering prevention studies in DIAD and associated sites:
 Model for AMP, IMI EPAD and GAP. FDA comment "exemplar of next generation trials"
- 2015: Funds received for DIAN-TU NexGen trial design and DIAN-TU NexGen grant submitted
- 2016: Received Alzheimer's Association grant to launch the DIAN-TU NexGen drug arms.
- 2016: Received partial, start-up funding from the NIA to launch the NexGen drug arms.
- 2016: Received foundation funds for Primary Prevention trial design.
- 2016: Received foundation funds for Ambulatory Research in Cognition (ARC) testing.
- 2017: Received full NIA funding for and launched the NexGen (third) drug arm.

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Resources

Websites:

- DIAN Observational http://www.dian-info.org
- DIAN Expanded Registry http://www.dianexr.org
- DIAN-TU http://www.dian-tu.org

Contact Information:

- DIAN-EXR email: dianexr@wustl.edu
- DIAN Expanded Registry Coordinator 844-DIAN-EXR (844-342-6397)
- DIAN Global Coordinator, 314-286-2643

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The DIAN (NIH UF1AG032438)

The DIAN participants and family members
The Alzheimer's Association, ADAD Forum, DIAN Pharma Consortium



Performance Sites

<u>Argentina</u>

Fundación para la Lucha contra las Enfermedades Neurológicas de la Infancia (FLENI), *Ricardo Allegri*

Australia

Mental Health Research Institute, Melbourne, *Colin Masters* Edith Cowan Univ , Perth, *Martins*

Prince of Wales Medical Research Institutes, Sydney, *Peter Schofield*

Germany

Ludwig-Maximilians-Universität München, Adrian Danek University of Tübingen, Matthias Jucker

Japan: DIAN-Japan, Mori

Hirosaki University, Mikio Shoji Niigata University, Takeshi Ikeuchi Osaka City University, Hiroyuki Shimada University of Tokyo, Kazushi Suzuki

Korea

DIAN-Korea, JH Lee: Asan Medical Center, JH Roh

United Kingdom

Institute of Neurology, Univ College London, *Martin Rossor*

United States

University of Southern California, John Ringman University of California, San Diego, Doug Galasko Mayo Clinic, Jacksonville, Neil Graff-Radford Indiana University, Bernardino Ghetti Mass General Hospital/Brigham & Women's Hospital, Reisa Sperling Washington University, Randall J. Bateman Columbia University, Richard Mayeux University of Pittsburgh, William Klunk Butler Hospital/Brown University, Steve Salloway

DIAN-TU Trial Performance Sites

Australia

Neuroscience Research Australia, William Brooks The McCusker Foundation, Roger Clarnette Mental Health Research Institute, Colin Masters

Canada

McGill University, Serge Gauthier UBC Hospital, Robin Hsiung Sunnybrook Health Sci Centre, Mario Masellis

Hopital Roger Salengro, Florence Pasquier Hopital Neurologique Pierre Wertheimer, Maité Formaglio CHU de Rouen, Didier Hannequin CHU de Toulouse, Jérémie Pariente Groupe Hospitalier Pitie, Bruno Dubois

IRCCS Centro San Giovanni di Dio Fatebenefratelli, Azienda Ospedaliera Universitaria Careggi, Sandro Sorbi

Hospital Clinic I Provincial de Barcelona, Raquel Sanchez

United Kingdom

The National Hospital for Neurology & Neurosurgery, Catherine Mummery

United States

Columbia University, Lawrence Honig University of Puerto Rico, Ivonne Jimenez-Velazques Indiana University, Jared Brosch University of Pittsburgh, Sarah Berman Washington University, Joy Snider University of Alabama, Erik Roberson Butler Hospital, Ghulam Surti Emory University, James Lah Yale University, Christopher Van Dyck UCSD, Doug Galasko University of Washington, Seattle, Suman Jayadev

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DIAN-TU Administrative and Clinical Operations Team

Randall Bateman - Director and PI, Eric McDade - Associate Director

Sarah Adams, Stephanie Belyew, Erin Cattoor, David Clifford, Garland Edmonds, Angela Farrar, Erica Fowler, Amanda Fulbright, Angela Fuqua, Cortaiga Gant, Kurtis Hanks, Ron Hawley, Dottie Heller, Latoya Jones, Michelle Jorke, Nicole Kelley, Paulette MacDougall, Jacki Mallmann, Tayona Mayhew, Karen McCann, Susan Mills, Jennifer Petranek, Anna Santacruz, Jessi Smith, Annette Stiebel, Shannon Sweeney, Linda Watkins-Imhof, Mary Wolfsberger, Ellen Ziegemeier

DIAN-TU Cores

Administrative: Randall Bateman and team Biomarkers: Anne Fagan and team Biostatistics: Chengjie Xiong, Guogiao Wang and team

Cognition: Jason Hassenstab and team Genetics: Alison Goate, Carlos Cruchaga and team

Imaaina: Tammie Benzinger and team Neuropathology: Nigel Caims and team

We gratefully acknowledge the DIAN and DIAN-TU participants and family members, DIAN Team, DIAN Steering Committee, Knight ADRC, Alzheimer's Association, ADAD Forum, NIH U01 AG042791, R01 AG046179, R01/R56AG053267, R13 AG055232, DIAN-TU Pharma Consortium, GHR, Anonymous Foundation, Industry Partners (Eli Lilly & Co., Hoffman-LaRoche, Janssen, Avid Radiopharmaceuticals, Bracket, Cogstate), and Regulatory Representatives.

DIAN-TU Collaborators

Project Arm Leaders: Steve Salloway, Martin Farlow, Lon

Consultants: Berry Consultants, Cornelia Kamp, Cardinal Health Regulatory Sciences, Granzer Regulatory

Consulting

DIAN-TU Therapy Evaluation Committee: Paul Aisen,

Randall Bateman, Dave Clifford, David Cribbs, Bart De Strooper, Kelly Dineen, David Holtzman,

Mathias Jucker, Jeffrey Kelly, Virginia Lee,

Cynthia Lemere, Eric McDade, Susan Mills, John Morris,

James Myles, Laurie Ryan, Matthias Staufenbiel,

Raymond Tait, Robert Vassar

DSMB Members: Gary Cutter, Steve Greenberg,

Scott Kim, David Knopman, Willis Maddrey, Kristine Yaffe

ADCS: Ron Thomas ATRI: Paul Aisen University of Michigan: Robert Koeppe

Mayo Clinic: Clifford Jack

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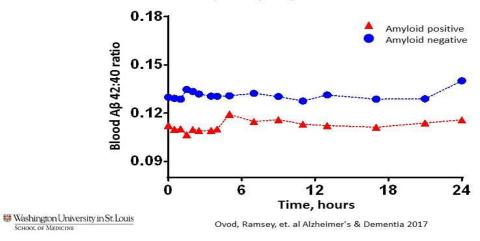
Backup Slides

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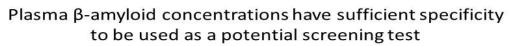
How to improve screening for prevention trials?

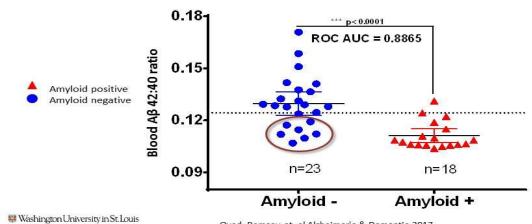
Blood test for amyloid plaques in the brain

Blood plasma β-amyloid 42/40 concentrations are consistently lower with Alzheimer's amyloid plaques, similar to cerebrospinal fluid.

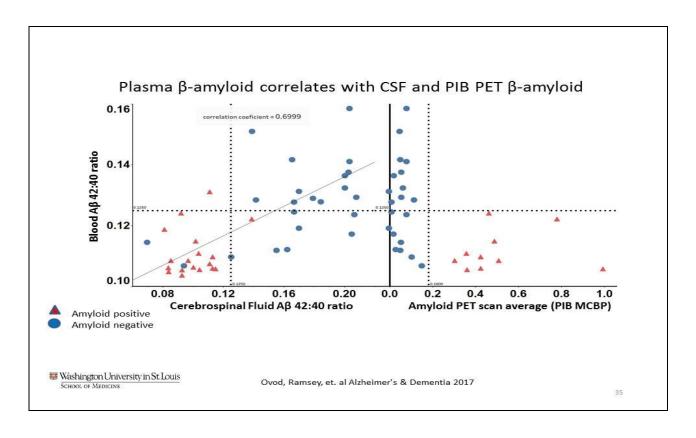


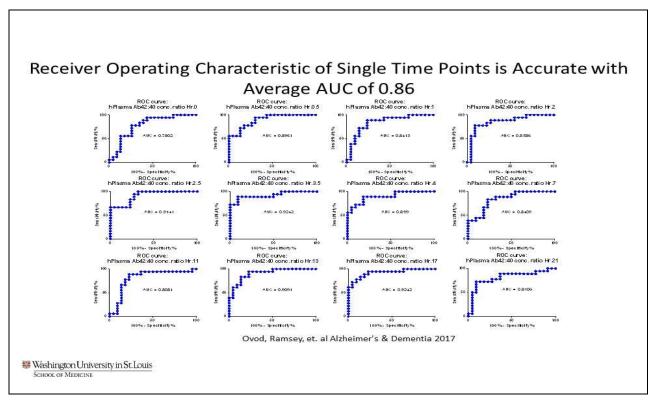
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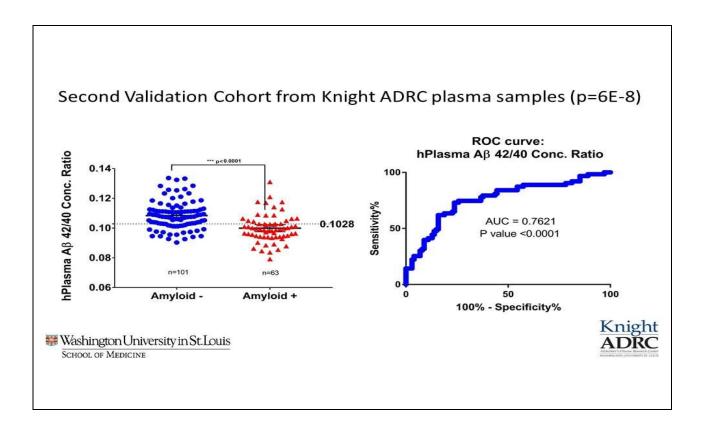


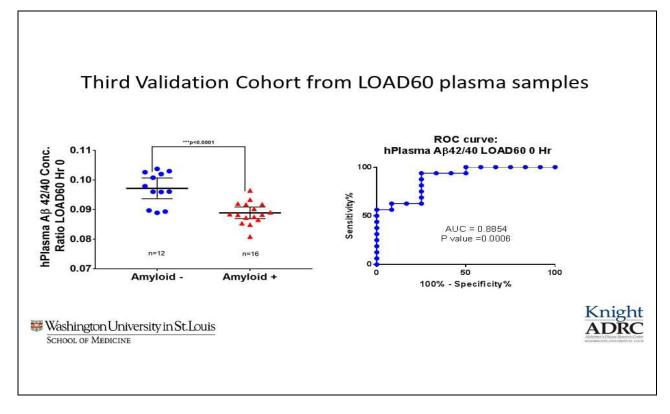


Ovod, Ramsey, et. al Alzheimer's & Dementia 2017









Blood plasma β-amyloid as a test for Alzheimer's disease plaques

- Were validated using longitudinal samples in a pre-specified (clinicaltrials.gov) prospective study.
- Are related to gold-standard measures of amyloid PET scans and cerebrospinal fluid β-amyloid for Alzheimer's disease amyloid plaques.
- The blood β-amyloid test can be used to detect Alzheimer's disease amyloid plaques in individuals before symptom onset.
- The blood β-amyloid test can accelerate ongoing and future clinical trials to speed drug discovery for Alzheimer's disease prevention and treatments.
- When effective drugs are found, the blood β-amyloid test can be used to screen millions of people in the general public to identify who is at risk for Alzheimer's disease and start treatments even before memory loss and brain damage begins.



Ovod, Ramsey, et. al Alzheimer's & Dementia July 2017

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January 26, 2018 -- Advisory Council Meeting #27

The meeting was held on Friday, January 26, 2018, in Washington, DC. The Research Subcommittee took charge of this meeting's theme, focusing on the process from targets to treatments. The Council heard speakers on the preclinical pipeline, the clinical trial pipeline, and the industry perspective. The meeting also included discussion of a driver diagram to guide the Council's future work, updates and a report from the October Care Summit, and federal workgroup updates. Material available from this meeting is listed below and is also available at https://aspe.hhs.gov/advisory-council-alzheimers-research-care-and-services-meetings#Jan2018.

Comments and questions, or alerts to broken links, should be sent to napa@hhs.gov.

General Information

Agenda	[HTML Version] [PDF Version]
Meeting Announcement	[HTML Version] [PDF Version]
Meeting Summary	[HTML Version] [PDF Version]
Public Comments	[HTML Version]

Handouts

Care Summit Report Themes	[PDF Version]
NAPA Driver Diagram Draft Examples	[PDF Version]
Outline for Care Summit Final Report	[PDF Version]

Presentation Slides

AbbVie's R&D Vision for Alzheimer's Disease	[HTML Version] [PDF Version]
Care Summit Report	[HTML Version] [PDF Version]
Clinical Subcommittee Update	[HTML Version] [PDF Version]
Initiatives, Partnerships and Collaboration to Help Patients with the Highest Unmet Need: Dominantly Inherited Alzheimer's Disease Trials Unit (DIAN-TU) as a Case Example	[HTML Version] [PDF Version]
Long-Term Services and Supports Committee Update	[HTML Version] [PDF Version]

NAPA Driver Diagram	[HTML Version] [PDF Version]
Overview of the Clinical Trial Pipeline for AD	[HTML Version] [PDF Version]
Overview on NIA Preclinical Pipeline	[HTML Version] [PDF Version]
Participating in an Alzheimer's Clinical Study: Perspectives on Involvement of a Person Living with Dementia and Her Study Partner	[HTML Version] [PDF Version]
Progress Since October	[HTML Version] [PDF Version]
Research Progress on Alzheimer's Disease and Related Dementias	[HTML Version] [PDF Version]
Research Subcommittee Agenda: The Journey from Targets to Treatments	[HTML Version] [PDF Version]

Videos

Updates since October meeting	[Video]
NAPA Driver Diagram	[Video]
Federal Updates	[Video]
Public Comments	[Video]
Research Subcommittee Agenda	[Video]
Care Summit Update	[Video]

Last Updated: 06/09/2018