Suicide and Suicide Prevention Among Older Americans

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Source: CDC vital statistics

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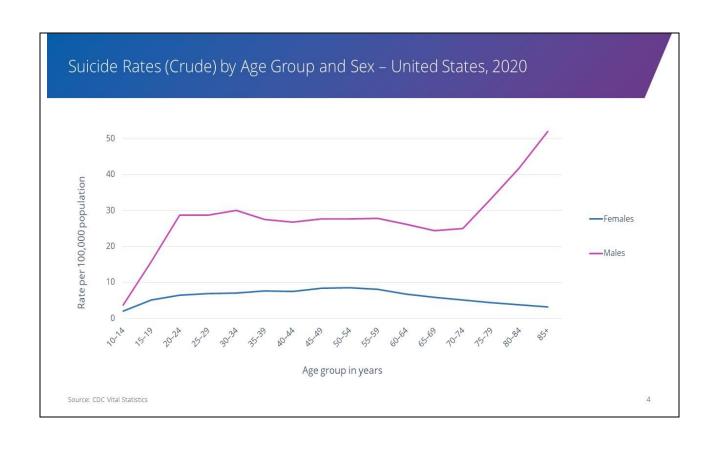
Key Issues in Suicide Prevention Among Older Adults

- Older adult males are at elevated risk for suicide in the United States.
- Suicide prevention among older Americans has been a relatively neglected area, except for older Veterans.
- There is a need for expanded research, programs, and focus on suicide prevention among older Americans.
- However, there is currently unprecedented attention to mental health, suicide prevention and crisis care in both the Administration and in Congress.

Source: CDC vital statistics

Suicide and Suicidal Behavior, United States, 2020 Many adults think about Among high school students Nearly suicide or attempt suicide during COVID-19: 46,000 12.2 million 20% people died by Seriously thought about suicide Seriously thought about suicide suicide in 2020 15% 3.2 million Made a plan for suicide Made a plan for suicide death every 1.2 million 9% Attempted suicide Attempted suicide https://www.cdc.gov/injury/wisqars/fatal.html https://www.samhsa.gov/data/ https://www.cdc.gov/healthyyouth/

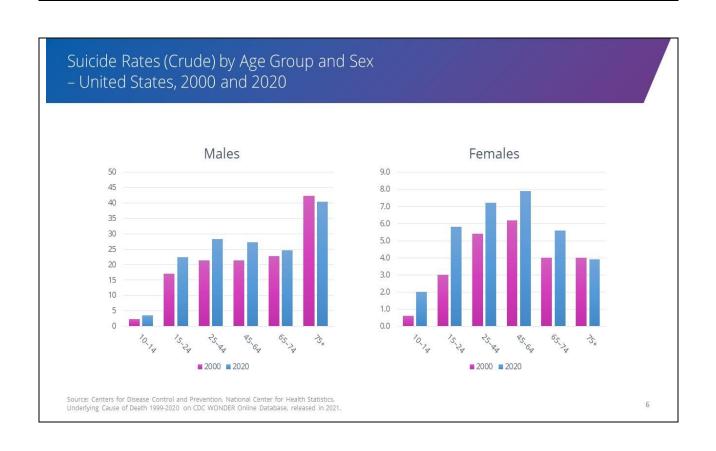
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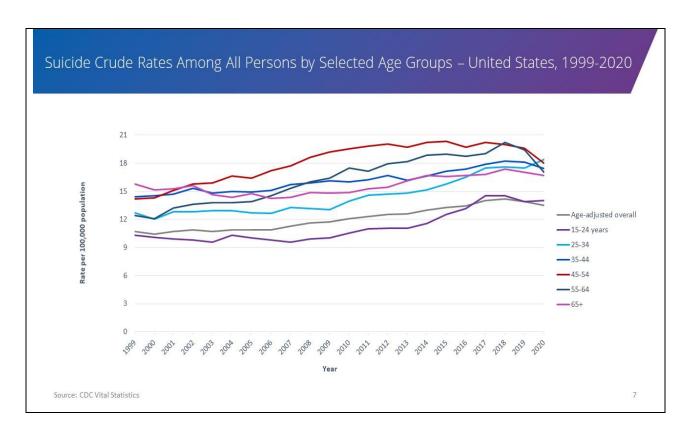


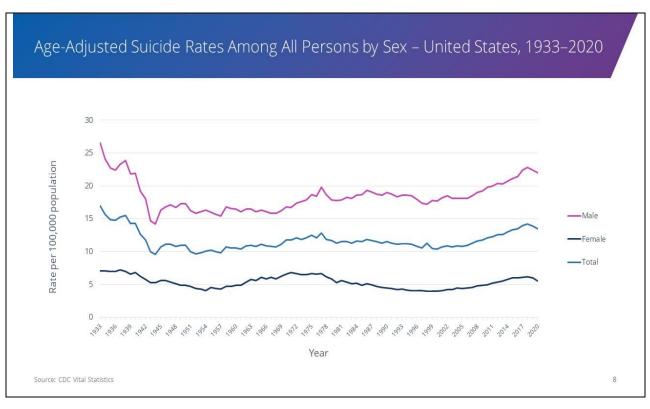
Leading Causes of Death by Age Group – United States, 2020

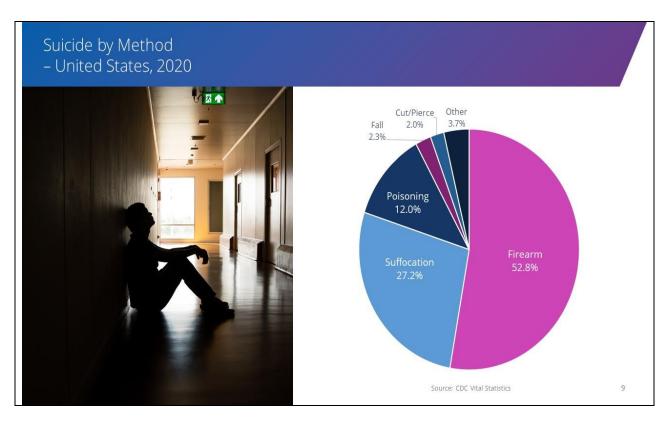
Source: CDC Vital Statistics

Rank	10-14 Years	15-24 Years	25-34 Years	35-44 Years	45-54 Years	55-64 Years
1	Unintentional Injury	Unintentional Injury	Unintentional Injury	Unintentional Injury	Cancer	Cancer
2	Suicide	Homicide	Suicide	Heart Disease	Heart Disease	Heart Disease
3	Cancer	Suicide	Homicide	Cancer	Unintentional Injury	COVID-19
4	Homicide	Cancer	Heart Disease	Suicide	COVID-19	Unintentional Injury
5	Congenital Malformations	Heart Disease	Cancer	COVID-19	Liver Disease	Chronic Lung Diseas
6	Heart Disease	COVID-19	COVID-19	Liver Disease	Diabetes	Diabetes
7	Chronic Lung Disease	Congenital Malformations	Liver Disease	Homicide	Suicide	Liver Disease
8	Diabetes, Influenza & Pneumonia	Diabetes	Diabetes	Diabetes	Cerebrovascular Disease	Cerebrovascular Disease
9	Diabetes, Influenza & Pneumonia	Chronic Lung Disease	Cerebrovascular Disease	Cerebrovascular Disease	Chronic Lung Disease	Suicide



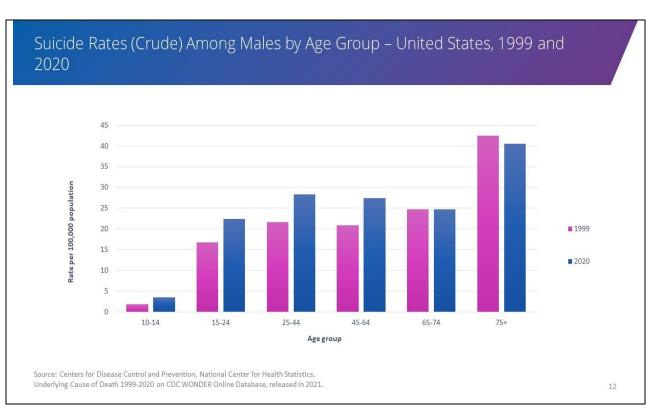


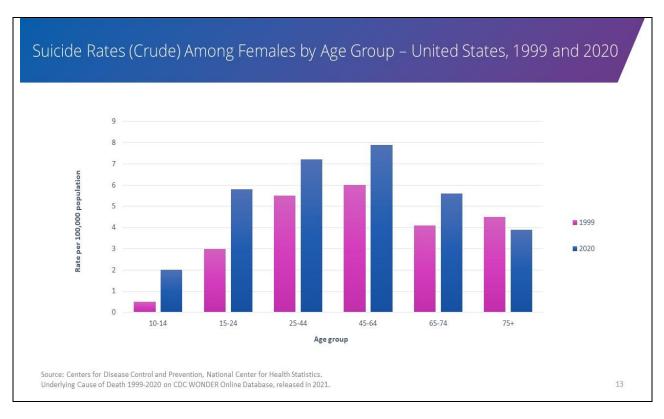


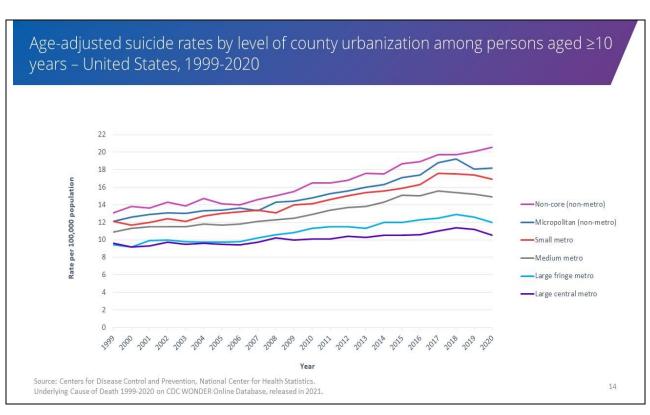


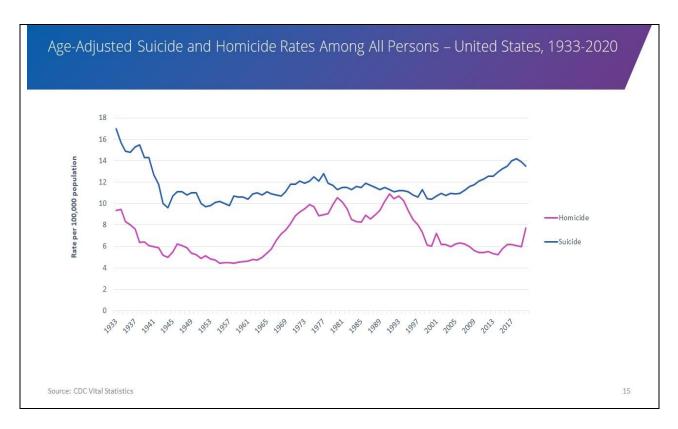


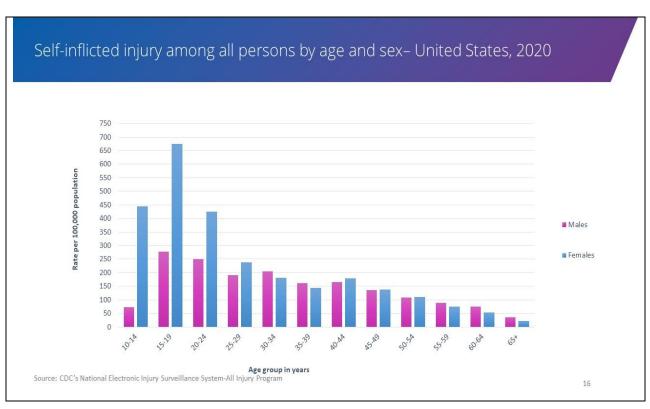












Many factors contribute to suicide risk Social Ecological Model Risk Factors Societal Stigma associated with help-seeking Community and mental illness · Lack of access to · Easy access to lethal healthcare Individual means of suicide Bullying Family/loved one's history of suicide Loss of relationships High conflict or violent relationships Social isolation • Suicide cluster in the among people at risk community Unsafe media Stress of acculturation History of depression and other mental illnesses portrayals of suicide Community violence Historical trauma • Criminal/legal problems Discrimination • Job/financial problems or loss Impulsive or aggressive tendencies Substance misuse childhood experiences 17

Many factors protect against suicide risk

Social Ecological Model

Protective Factors

Individual

- Effective coping and problemsolving skills
- Reasons for living (for example, family, friends, pets, etc.)
- Strong sense of cultural identity

Relationship

- Support from partners friends, and family
- Feeling connected to others

Community

- Feeling connected to school, community, and other social institutions
- Availability of consistent and high quality physical and behavioral healthcare

Societal

- Reduced access to lethal means of suicide among people at risk
- Cultural, religious, or moral objections to suicide

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Suicide and Dementia

There is emerging research about suicide risk, and dementia diagnosis

- Increased risk in younger people diagnosed with dementia.
- Risk may be highest in the first year after a dementia diagnosis, particularly during the first three months; including in older adults diagnosed with mild cognitive impairment.
- Elevated in people with psychiatric comorbidities.
- Highlights the need for depression/suicide screening and followup, behavioral health services, advance care planning, and lethal means safety

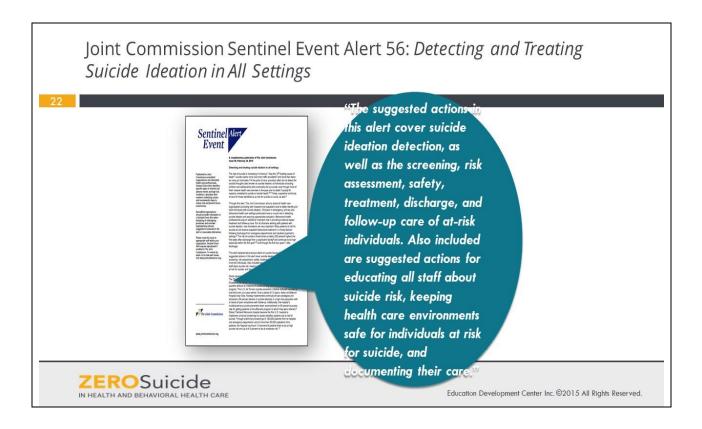
Source: CDC vital statistics 19

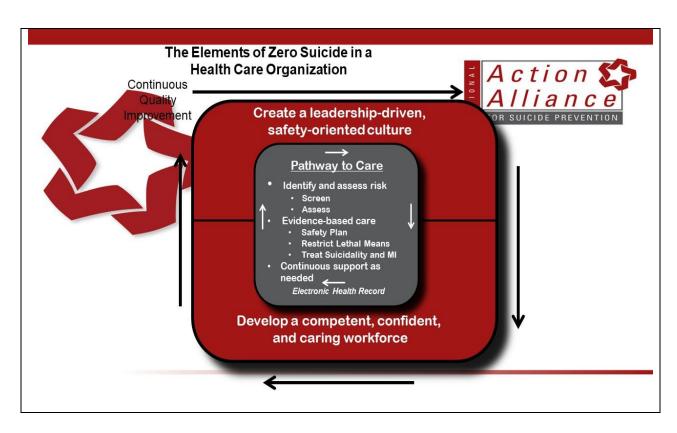
Studies on Suicide and Dementia

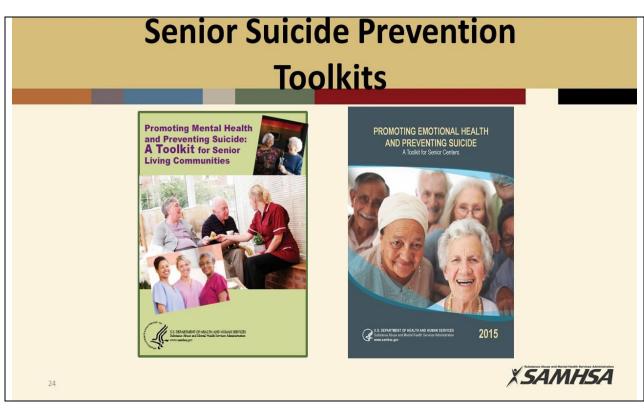
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Resources for Suicide Prevention Among Older Americans

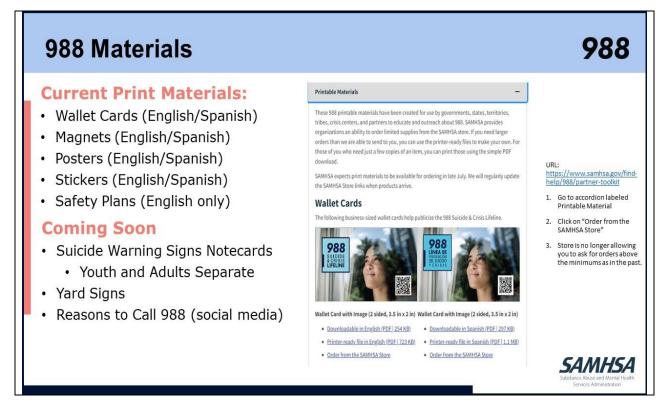
- SAMHSA Zero Suicide and National Strategy for Suicide Prevention grants
- Suicide Prevention Resource Center, www.sprc.org
- SAMHSA Older Adult Toolkits
- •988 and Crisis Services
- •The 1-800-MEDICARE help line supports a "handoff" to 988 in crisis situations











Vision for 988 and Crisis Services

988

Someone to talk to. Someone to respond. A safe place for help.



988 Lifeline:

An important step towards achieving part of that vision – someone to talk to.

Crisis Care System:

A robust system that provides the crisis care needed anywhere in the country